California Department of Public Health Viral and Rickettsial Disease Laboratory



ZIKA LABORATORY TESTING GUIDANCE

Appropriate Clinical Specimens for Laboratory Testing of Suspected Cases *					
Symptomatic Suspect Cases					Asymptomatic Pregnant Women
	Serum	CSF	Urine [§]	Other ¹	Serum and Urine only
RT-PCR [§]	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Serology: IgM with PRNT confirmation†	YES	YES		YES	YES

CDC will consider testing other specimen types (e.g., saliva, placental tissue, umbilical cord, fetal and other tissues) on a case by case basis.

Recommended Diagnostic Testing

CDPH is now providing diagnostic testing (PCR, IgM and PRNT serology) for Zika virus as well as dengue and chikungunya viruses. All Zika virus testing will be performed at VRDL as described below.

Health care providers wishing to arrange testing for Zika virus must contact your local public health department for consultation and approval.

- For any suspect cases of Zika virus infection, testing should be considered for the following viruses:
 - o Zika
 - o Chikungunya
 - o Dengue
- CDC will only perform diagnostic testing for Zika virus that is not performed in VRDL.

RT-PCR Testing: VRDL is currently using the Trioplex Real-time RT-PCR assay which is validated for serum, CSF, urine and amniotic fluid. CSF, urine or amniotic fluid *must* be accompanied by a serum.

- Serum or CSF: PCR can detect Zika, chikungunya, and dengue viruses.
 - Collect serum within 14 days of illness onset (symptomatic individuals) or last potential exposure (asymptomatic pregnant women).
 - Collect at least 2 ml of serum (5-10 ml of blood) in a red top or serum separator tube.
 - o For CSF, at least 1 ml is required.
- Urine or Amniotic fluid: PCR can detect Zika virus only.
 - o Collect urine within 21 days (3 weeks) of illness onset.
 - Asymptomatic pregnant women may submit a urine sample if collected within 14 days of last exposure.
 - $\circ \ \ Amniotic \ fluid: collect \ if \ amniocentes is \ performed.$
 - o Collect *at least 2 mls* of fluid.
 - Urine specimen cups leak and are not recommended for shipping. To avoid leakage of the urine sample, transfer to a small (3-5 ml) sterile screw-cap tube and use parafilm to seal.
 Place the tube in a Ziploc bag with absorbent material. It is not necessary to spin or process the urine.

Serology: IgM and PRNT testing

- Asymptomatic pregnant women: A blood sample should be collected between 2 and 12 weeks after last potential exposure.
- Symptomatic cases: Optimal collection of acute blood is >3 days
 after illness onset, although serum collected any time between illness
 onset to 12 weeks after onset will be accepted. Serum collected
 within 7 days of illness onset may be falsely negative.
- If initial IgM testing is negative and Zika is strongly suspected, a second convalescent serum should be collected.
- IgM antibodies against Zika virus, dengue viruses, and other flaviviruses (e.g., yellow fever virus, West Nile virus) can cross-react possibly generating false positive results in serological tests;

therefore, <u>all</u> IgM positive samples will be reflexed to RT-PCR and/or PRNT to discriminate among these viruses.

<u>**Other tissues:**</u> Consult with VRDL prior to collecting other tissues for testing.

Specimen storage and shipping: Store all specimens at 4°C. Ship on cold packs within 24 to 72 hours.

Specimen shipment - Complete Following forms

- VRDL General Purpose Specimen Submittal Form Lab 300: http://tinyurl.com/VRDLLab300
- The 2016 CDC DASH (Only required for special test requests on saliva, semen, or tissue samples. Please consult with VRDL before sending.)
 The following information is required:
 - o Your *local public health department* contact information as the "Intermediate Submitter"
 - $\circ\;$ Date of symptom onset. For asymptomatic pregnant women:
 - Under "Clinical Diagnosis" choose "asymptomatic"
 - Leave "Onset dates" blank
 - o Pregnancy status <u>and</u> estimated due date, as applicable (testing will be expedited for pregnant women)
 - o List of clinical symptoms
 - Travel history list countries visited and date of departure from risk area
- See http://www.cdph.ca.gov/programs/vrdl/Pages/ZikaInfo.aspx for detailed instructions and examples of completed forms.
- Please email electronic copies of all forms to <u>VRDL.submittal@cdph.ca.gov.</u>
- Specimens should be shipped as directed by the local public health laboratory. For those jurisdictions without a local Public Health Laboratory, specimens can be shipped and directed to the VRDL using the following address:

Specimen Receiving CDPH VRDL 850 Marina Bay Parkway Richmond, CA 94804

Questions about specimen collection, submittal, or shipping: Please contact the VRDL Medical and Epidemiology Liaison Section, (510) 307-8585, or email VRDL.submittal@cdph.ca.gov.

Other resources: http://www.cdc.gov/zika/index.html

[§] RT-PCR is the preferred method and urine is the preferred specimen for confirming an acute case.

[†] PRNT (plaque-reduction neutralization test) may confirm cross-reactive IgM tests by measuring virus-specific neutralizing antibodies.